Mean EPDs reported by different breeds

Larry A. Kuehn and R. Mark Thallman

Roman L. Hruska U.S. Meat Animal Research Center, USDA-ARS, Clay Center, NE 68933

Expected progeny differences (EPDs) have been the primary tool for genetic improvement of beef cattle for over 40 years beginning with evaluations of growth traits. Since that time EPDs have been added for several other production traits such as calving ease, stayability, and carcass merit and conformation. Most recently, several breed associations have derived economic indices from their EPDs to increase profit under different management and breeding systems.

It is useful for producers to compare the EPDs of potential breeding animals with their breed average. The current EPDs from the most recent genetic evaluations of 25 breeds are presented in this report. Mean EPDs for growth traits are shown in Table 1 (25 breeds), for other production traits in Table 2 (15 breeds), and for carcass and composition traits in Table 3 (20 breeds). Several breeds also have EPDs that are unique to their breed; these EPDs are presented in Table 4.

Average EPDs should only be used to determine the genetic merit of an animal relative to its breed average. To compare animals of different breeds, across breed adjustment factors should be added to animals' EPDs for their respective breeds (see Across-breed EPD Tables reported by Kuehn et al. in these proceedings).

This list is likely incomplete; evaluations for some breeds are not widely reported. If you see a breed missing and would like to report the average EPDs for that breed, please contact Larry (Larry, Kuehn@ars, usda, gov) or Mark (Mark, Thallman@ars, usda, gov).

Table 1. Birth year 2009 average EPDs from 2011 evaluations for growth traits

	Birth	Weaning	Yearling	Maternal	Total Maternal
Breed	Weight (lb)	Weight (lb)	Weight (lb)	Milk (lb)	(lb)
Angus	2.0	46	83	22	
Black Hereford	3.1	42	65.1	13.8	34.8
Hereford	3.6	43	71	17	38
Murray Grey	3.4	20	31	4	14
Red Angus	0.0	30.9	58.2	16.7	
Red Poll	1.7	15	24	7	
Shorthorn	2.4	15.3	24.8	2.3	10
South Devon	2.8	41.4	77.3	22.8	43.5
Beefmaster	0.4	9	14	2	
Braford	1.0	9	13	2	7
Brahman	1.9	14.8	23.8	6.3	1
Brangus	1.9 77	22.6	44.8	10.7	22.1
Red Brangus	1.5	12.7	20.1	5.7	12.1
Santa Gertrudis	0.5	4.0	5.0	0.0	2.0
Senepol Senepol	0.9	7.7	10.4	4.2	8.0
Simbrah	2.6	28.3	46.3	2.3	16.5
Braunvieh	-0.11	6.2	12.2	0.4	3.5
Charolais	0.6	24.2	42.3	6.4	18.5
Chianina	2.1	32.0	59.5	12.1	28.1
Gelbvieh	1.3	41	75	18	38
Limousin	1.8	42.9	80.2	20.9	
Maine-Anjou	1.9	39.7	78.1	19.5	39.3
Salers	1.8	40.2	77.4	19.5	39.6
Simmental	0.9	32.1	57.9	3.6	19.7
Tarentaise	1.9	16	28.6	0.6	

Table 2. Birth year 2009 average EPDs from 2011 evaluations for other production traits

		Calving				
	Calving	Ease	Scrotal		Mature	
	Ease Direct	Maternal	Circumference	Docility	Weight	Stayability
Breed	(%)	(%)	(cm)	Score	(lb)	(%)
Angus	5	7	0.42	9.5	31	
Hereford	0.3	0.7	0.7			
Murray Grey	-0.7	-0.2	0.10		47	
Red Angus	5.4	3.3				9.0
Shorthorn	-1.7	-1.7				
South Devon			0.1	0.0		
Beefmaster			0.2			
Brangus			0.69			
Braunvieh	-0.05	-1.25				
Charolais	2.8	3.5	0.59			
Gelbvieh	105	104	0.4			4
Limousin	7.7	4.1	0.4	16.6		18.4
Salers	0.2	0.3	0.3	8.0		22.7
Simmental	7.0	3.0				17.8
Tarentaise	-1.2	0.6				

Table 3. Birth year 2009 average EPDs from 2011 evaluations for carcass and composition traits

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Carcass				
						Fat		_	
	Carcass	Retail	Yield	Marbling	Ribeye Area	Thickness	Rump	WBSF	
Breed	Wt (lb)	Product (%)	Grade	Score	(in ²)	(in)	fat (in)	(lb)	
Angus	15.0			0.43	0.21	0.012			
Hereford	10.0			0.04	0.22	0.002			
Murray Grey	27	0.3		0.0	0.09	0.00	-0.01		
Red Angus	35.5		-0.003	0.07	0.07	-0.034			
Shorthorn	4.9			-0.02	0.07	-0.01			
South Devon	25.0	0.8		0.3	0.21	0.01			
Beefmaster				0.00^{a}	0.03^{a}	0.000^{a}	0.00^{a}		
Braford	6			0.01	0.06	0.002			
Brahman	5.2	0.01		-0.01	0.04	-0.002		0.0	
Brangus	0.7			0.04^{b}	0.37^{b}	0.00^{b}			
Santa Gertrudis	0.0			0.00	0.00	0.00			
Simbrah	-6.3		0.06	-0.01	-0.2	0.01		-0.03	
Braunvieh	0.1			0.12	0.01	0.115			
Charolais	14.1			0.01	0.18	-0.001			
Chianina	-1.2	-0.20		0.09	0.02	0.01			
Gelbvieh	8.3°			-0.03^{c}	0.10^{c}				
Limousin	19.4		-0.08	-0.04	0.49				
Maine-Anjou	-0.1	0.29		0.20	0.15	0.00			
Salers	20.0	0.0		0.1	0.03	0.00			
Simmental	-1.7		-0.001	0.15	0.10	0.15		-0.30	

^aDerived using ultrasound measures and reported on an ultrasound scale (IMF% instead of marbling score)

^bReported on an ultrasound scale (IMF% instead of marbling score) but calculated using ultrasound and carcass data in a multi-trait model

^cAdjusted to a fat-constant endpoint

Table 4. Birth year 2009 average EPDs from 2011 evaluations for other traits unique to individual breeds

	Residual	Mature	Yearling	Cow	Weaned		Grid	Beef
	Average Daily	Height	Height	Energy	Calf	Feedlot	Value	Value
Angus	Gain (lb)	(in)	(in)	Value (\$)	Value (\$)	Value (\$)	(\$)	(\$)
	.13	0.4	0.35	1.41	25.50	24.61	24.53	46.23
	Baldy Maternal	Brahman Inf	luence	Certified	Hereford Beef	Calving Eas	se Index (\$)	
Hereford	Index (\$)	Index (\$)		Index (\$)			, ,	
	15	14		18		14		-
	Heifer Pregnancy	Mature C	Cow Mainter	nance				
Red Angus	(%)	(Mcal/mo)						
_	7.5	4.1						
Gelbvieh	Feedlot Merit	Carcass Value Gestat		tion	Days to			
	(\$)	(\$)	Lengt	h (d)	Finish (d)			
	8.82	6.74	-1.4		3.5	_		
	Mainstream Term	inal						
Limousin	Index (\$)							
	42.5							
	All Purpose	Terminal Ind	ex		All Purpose	Terminal In	idex (\$)	
Simmental	Index (\$)	(\$)	Si	mbrah	Index (\$)			
	104.6	62.5			75	47		-
Murray		Gestational	Days	to calving				
Grey	600-d wt (lb)	length (d)	(d)					
	45	-0.1	-0.6		=			