

Real-Time Ultrasound: What Does Image Quality Mean to Genetic Evaluations?

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Purpose of Ultrasound

- Correctly rank animals
- Depict differences between them
 - > Conserve carcass variation

Review of Image Quality Scores

- Scores from 1-7
 - Acceptable (1 and 2)
 - Marginal (3-5)
 - Reject (6 and 7)

Landmarks-UREA

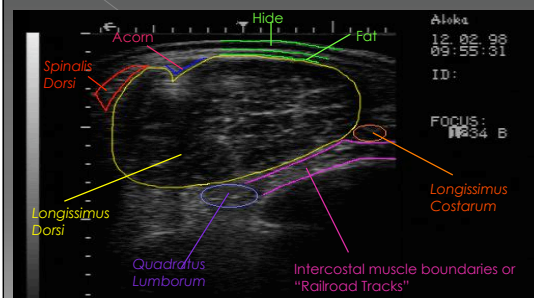


Image Quality-UREA

- Indicators of problems:
 - > Image is taken on or across a rib
 - > Full muscle is not visible
 - Poor contact or wrong position

Landmarks-UPFAT

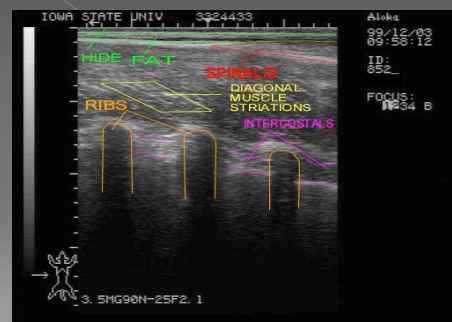


Image Quality-UPFAT

- Indicators of problems:
 - > Lumbar vertebra in the image
 - > Blurring
 - > Excessive presence of spinalis in the image
 - 1/3 of image = marginal
 - 1/2 of image = reject

Contemporary Grouping

- From an ultrasound perspective, what's included?
 - > Machine
 - > Field technician
 - > Lab technician
 - > Interpreting software
 - > NOT differences in image quality

Questions

- Do subjective image quality (IQ) scores impact the bias of prediction?
- Would this need be accounted for if multiple IQ scores are in a contemporary group?

Data

- Data from Ultrasound Guidelines Council field certifications
 - > Ames, IA from 2002-2006
 - > Over 5,000 interpretations
 - Ribeye area, 12th rib fat, percentage of intramuscular fat
 - > Image quality scores 1-5 only

Summary of carcass and ultrasound values

Trait	Mean	SD
UREA	12.85	1.73
CREA	12.88	1.68
UFAT	0.41	0.14
CFAT	0.44	0.15
UPFAT	3.82	1.12
CPFAT	3.99	1.54

Analysis



- GLM procedure of SAS
- Absolute value of bias (ABS)
 - > | Ultrasound measurement - carcass measurement |
- Explanatory variables included:
 - > Machine (MACH)
 - > Lab technician (INTERP)
 - > Animal (ANIM)
 - > YEAR
 - > Ether extract category (CAT)

Summary Statistics-UREA

Trait	IQ	Frequency	Mean ABS	SD
UREA	1	657	1.05	0.80
	2	1,982	1.03	0.78
	3	1,379	0.99	0.76
	4	865	0.97	0.75
	5	531	1.04	0.76

Summary Statistics-UFAT

Trait	IQ	Frequency	Mean ABS	SD
UFAT	1	657	0.076	0.061
	2	1,982	0.069	0.055
	3	1,379	0.074	0.057
	4	865	0.075	0.057
	5	531	0.80	0.061

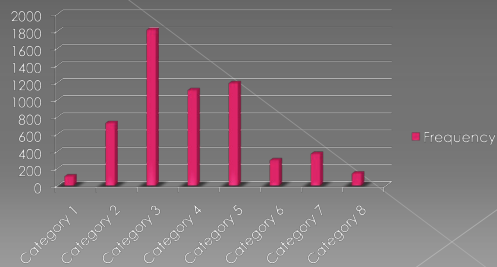
Summary Statistics-UPFAT

Trait	IQ	Frequency	Mean ABS	SD
UIMF	1	1,036	1.14	0.96
	2	3,079	1.03	0.87
	3	784	0.99	0.84
	4	543	0.97	0.89
	5	306	0.92	0.75

Ether Extract Category (CAT)

CAT	Frequency	Range
1	105	0-1.50
2	727	1.51-2.50
3	1,813	2.51-3.50
4	1,110	3.51-4.50
5	1,192	4.51-5.50
6	293	5.51-6.50
7	369	6.51-7.50
8	139	> 7.51

Ether Extract Categories (CAT)



Results-UREA

- $ABS = INTERP + YEAR(ANIM) + IQ$
 - > $R^2 = 32.02\%$
 - > IQ not significant ($P=0.771$)
- $ABS = INTERP + YEAR(ANIM)$
 - > $R^2=32.00\%$

Results-UFAT

- ◉ $ABS = INTERP + YEAR(ANIM) + IQ$
 - > $R^2 = 53.64\%$
 - > IQ SIGNIFICANT ($P=0.0018$)
 - > Other variables significant ($P<0.0001$)
- ◉ $ABS = INTERP + YEAR(ANIM)$
 - > $R^2 = 53.49\%$

Results-UPFAT

- ◉ $ABS = INTERP + MACH + ANIM + CAT + IQ$
 - > $R^2 = 53.73\%$
 - > IQ not significant ($P=0.3361$)
 - > MACH significant ($P=0.0264$)
 - > Other significant ($P<0.0001$)
- ◉ $ABS = INTERP + MACH + ANIM + CAT$
 - > $R^2 = 52.43\%$

Results-UPFAT

- ◉ Why is CAT significant?
- ◉ Why is this interaction significant?
- ◉ $ABS = MACH + CAT + ANIM + MACH * CAT$
 - > $R^2 = 39.81\%$

Cautions

- ◉ This conclusion is dependant on the skill set of the interpreting technicians
 - > Human interaction could be accounting for image quality differences
- ◉ "Systems" are not clearly defined in the data
 - > Interaction between machine and CAT may be an artifact of this

Conclusions

- ◉ Image quality is not significant in the explanation of prediction bias
- ◉ Explanation of variables included:
 - > ANIM-differences in hide thickness, ribbing, or hide pull
 - > INTERP-Bias due to lab technician
 - > MACH-Bias created by a "system"
 - > CAT-Some animals outside of model development ranges

Implications

- ◉ Multiple IQ scores within a contemporary group should not create unaccounted for bias

Further THOUGHTS

- What is the role of image quality?
 - Training
 - Lab quality control

Where Do We Go?

- Do these conclusions change in the framework of auto interpretation?
- Do significant differences exist between software with regards to variation conserved?
 - > This needs to be answered

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